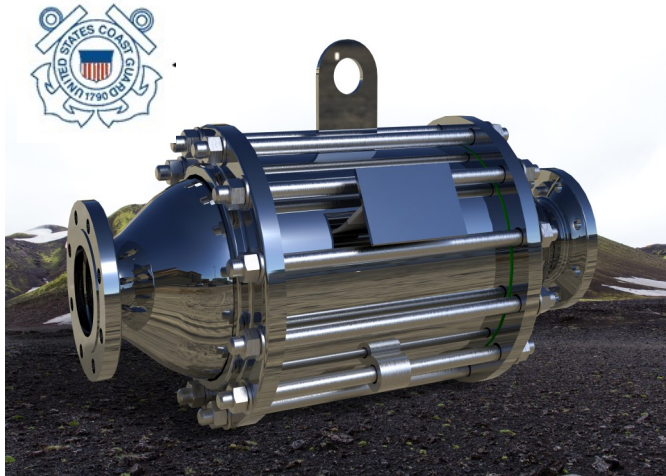




## Detonation Flame Arrestor Series C



*The Paradox Detonation Flame Arrestor*, represents the best technology for value in flame arrestor protection. They prevent flame propagation by absorbing heat and dissipating supersonic pressure waves, using multiple spiral wound crimped ribbon flame cells staged with turbulent creating screen sections.

### *Detonation Flame Arrestor*

These screen sections allow for much larger cells than that of competitive crimped ribbon arresters, allowing maximum flow with maximum protection. They provide protection against flame propagation in piping systems that are manifolded or have long run-up distances. Paradox's detonation flame arrester element technology dampens the high velocities and pressures associated with deflagrations and detonations while quenching the flame front and providing larger flame channels which requires less frequent maintenance due to clogging and greater ease in cleaning when service is required. This translates to less down time. Our element offers maximum flow to pressure drop characteristics enhancing the value of our product in any system. They are typically used for extended pipe length or multiple pipe bend configurations to stop high pressures and flame velocities associated with detonations and overdriven detonations. In addition, it stops confined and unconfined, low and high pressure deflagrations. All Paradox units are bi-directional and are proven to stop an ignited flammable vapor mixture approaching from either direction that can be traveling at subsonic or supersonic velocities.

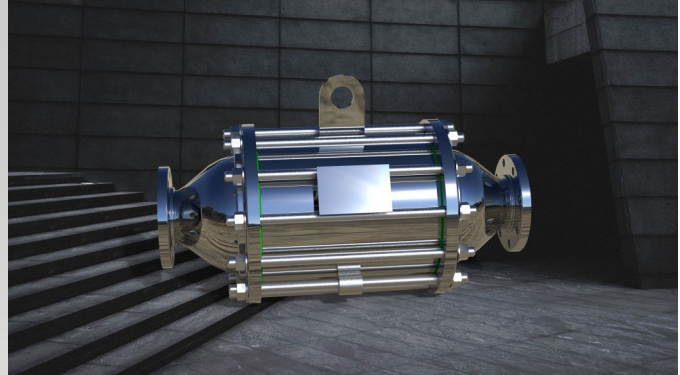
Designed with flanged connections, this Arrestor provides the option of the removal of the flame cell (element) for easy cleaning and replacement without disconnection of the pipe connection flanges. Standard housing construction is carbon steel and stainless steel. The element is available in 304 S.S and 316 S.S. Special material and protective coatings are available on request.

- U.S. Coast Guard Approved 2" (50mm) - 22" (559mm) IIA (D) and IIB3 (C) Concentric and Eccentric design.
- USCG Tested to 36" (72") Concentric in IIA (D).
- IIC (B) Tested to U.S. Coast Guard, (Concentric only)
- ATEX (EN 12874 Tested) 2" (50mm) - 24" (500mm) IIA and IIB Concentric and Eccentric design.



## Features and Benefits

- **USCG Approved**
- **All Paradox Detonation Flame Arrestors** are designed for stable, overdriven & unstable detonations as well as deflagrations.
- **Removable Element** design allows for easy replacement.
- **Large Inspection Ports** are **Optional** on larger models and allows for easy inspection and cleaning.
- **Outstanding corrosion** and chemical resistance.
- **Instrument/drain ports** are optional and available in 1.2", 3/4" or 1" sizes



## Paradox's Large Crimp Opening Provide:

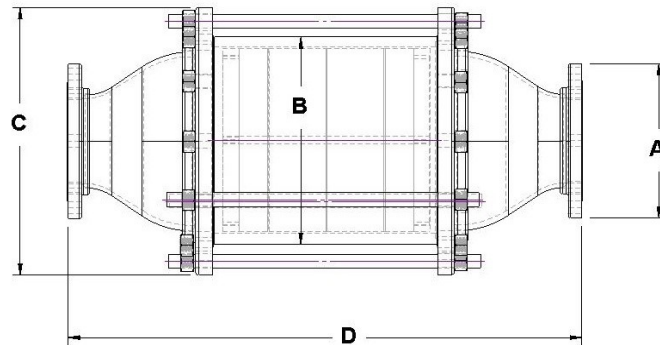
- Maximum flow
- Less Pressure Drop
- Easy Cleaning
- Less Clogging
- Less Maintenance
- Bi-directional Design
- Available in ANSI, DIN and JIS flanges.

## Material Specifications

Housing	Cell	Gas Group
Carbon Steel	304 SS	IIA (D)
304 SS	316 SS	IIB3 (C)
316L SS	Hastelloy	IIC (B)
Hastelloy		



## Series C-Detonation Flame arrester Specifications



USCG  
Approved



Model	A 150# AN- SICConn. Size in. (mm)	B Housing Size In. (mm)	C Outside Di- ameter In. (mm)	D Overall Length In. (mm)	Initial Pressure Rating Group D (-2 psia for Group C)	Approx. Weight Lb. (Kg.) Grp D (Grp C&B +15% to 20%)
<b>C-2C</b>	2 (50)	6 (150)	11 (279)	28.00 (711)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	175 (79.4)
<b>C-3C</b>	3 (75)	8 (200)	13.50 (343)	30.00 (762)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	220 (99.8)
<b>C-4C</b>	4 (100)	10 (250)	16.00 (406)	32.00 (813)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	400 (181.4)
<b>C-6C</b>	6 (150)	12 (300)	19.00 (483)	36.00 (914)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	500 (226.8)
<b>C-8C</b>	8 (200)	16 (400)	25.50 (648)	51.25 (1302)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	1360 (616.9)
<b>C-10C</b>	10 (250)	200 (50)	30.50 (775)	62.75 (1594)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	1945 (882.2)
<b>C-12C</b>	12 (300)	24 (600)	36.00 (914)	64.50 (1638)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	3000 (1360.8)
<b>C-14C</b>	14 (350)	28 (700)	40.75 (1035)	70.00 (1778)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	3400 (1542.2)
<b>C-16C</b>	16 (400)	30 (750)	43.00 (1092)	79.00 (2007)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	3800 (1723.7)
<b>C-18C</b>	18 (450)	34 (850)	47.50 (1207)	89.00 (2261)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	4800 (2177.2)
<b>C-20C</b>	20 (500)	36 (900)	50.00 (1270)	89.00 (2261)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	5600 (2540.1)
<b>*C-20C-1200</b>		48 (1200)				8700 (3810)
<b>C-22C</b>	22 (560)	36 (900)	50.00 (1270)	89.00 (2261)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	5600 (2540.1)
<b>*C-22C-1200</b>		48 (1200)	59.90 (1511)			8700 (3810)
<b>*C-24C</b>	24 (600)	48 (1200)	59.50 (1511)	101.00 (2565)	22.7 psia (1.54 bar)	8400 (3810)



**Model Series “C & C-FH” Detonation Flame Arrester for Group D, C, or B Gas  
Specification Data Sheet**

Flame Arrester Type	In-line Bi- Directional Flame Arrester
Recommended installation /use	Vertically or Horizontally anywhere in a Piping systems.
Design/Test Standard/Test Gas	USCG 33 cfr/Propane/Ethylene/Hydrogen
Connection sizes	2” through 22” Pipe sizes (24” & 30” Special order).
Type of connection	Flanged connection.
Flange ratings	Available in ASME 150# Raised Faced Flange
Housing Materials	Standard Model; Carbon Steel, also available in 304, 316L & most other Austenitic metal or hastelloy.
Element Type/Material	The element is crimped metal ribbon made from 304 Stainless Steel and is also available in 316L or hastelloy.
Maximum Initial pressure (Psia.)	22.7(Grp D), 20.7,(Grp C), 19.7 (Grp B)
Operating temperature range	-17°C to +60°C
Hydrostatic Test Pressure	350 Psig.
Gas Group Application Rating	NEC Group D,C, B( IEC Group IIA, IIB, IIC)